In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference: [Redacted]
IMI Reference: [Redacted]

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by [Name Redacted] with the Agencia Española de Protección de Datos (Spain DPA) pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning Google Ireland Limited

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0 (ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)

Dated the 19th day of May 2023

[Signature]

Data Protection Commission
21 Fitzwilliam Square South
Dublin 2, Ireland
**Background**

1. On 25 July 2019, [name redacted] ("the Data Subject") lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 of the GDPR with the Agencia Española de Protección de Datos ("the Recipient SA") concerning Google Ireland Limited ("the Respondent").

2. In circumstances where the Data Protection Commission ("the DPC") was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) of the GDPR, the Recipient SA transferred the complaint to the DPC on 23 December 2019.

**The Complaint**

3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
   
a. The Data Subject contacted the Respondent on 10 April 2019, requesting the erasure of personal data concerning them in one blog post, that had been uploaded to the Respondent’s Blogger platform by a third party user.

b. The Data Subject received a reply from the Respondent on the same day, advising that they would not remove the post, as it appeared to contain data that was not considered private or confidential.

c. As the Data Subject was not satisfied with the response received from the Respondent, they lodged a complaint with the Recipient SA.

**Action taken by the DPC**

4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 ("the 2018 Act"), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.

5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC’s experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
   
a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and

b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise their data subject rights).
6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 ("Document 06/2022"), and considered that:

   a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that

   b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject (via the Recipient SA) and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. Further to that engagement, on 24 April 2020, the Respondent advised that they would not be in a position to remove the content in question, as it did not seem to contain any illegal activity or information.

8. Over the course of the handling of the complaint, the DPC maintained regular contact with the Data Subject to keep them informed of the progression and status of their complaint, and with the Respondent in order to bring about an amicable resolution to the complaint.

9. Following further engagement with the Respondent, on 29 June 2022, the Respondent confirmed that they had reassessed the issue and had restricted access to the content in question. Furthermore, the Respondent advised that restricting access meant that the Respondent had taken steps to block from view the content in question from its Blogger platform in Spain, which is where the Data Subject was based.

10. On 5 August 2022, the DPC forwarded this information to the Recipient SA, for onward transmission to the Data Subject, seeking their views on the action taken by the Respondent and stating that the DPC’s understanding of restricting access to content meant that it was no longer accessible in Spain. The DPC also requested the Data Subject to notify it, within a stated timeframe, if they were not satisfied with the outcome, so that the DPC could take further action. On 12 December 2022, the Recipient SA confirmed to the DPC, that no response had been received from the Data Subject.

11. On 16 February 2023, and in light of the foregoing, the DPC wrote to the Recipient SA noting that the DPC considered the complaint to have been amicably resolved and withdrawn in accordance with section 109(3) of the Act and that it would conclude the case and inform the Respondent. On 1 March 2023, the Recipient SA confirmed receipt of the DPC correspondence, which had advised that the complaint was deemed withdrawn.
12. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

13. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:

   a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;

   b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and

   c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.

14. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:

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Deputy Commissioner
Data Protection Commission