**Decision by the Danish Data Protection Agency approving Binding Corporate Rules of Carlsberg A/S**

The Danish Data Protection Agency

Pursuant to the request by Carlsberg A/S, received on 17 December 2018, for approval of their binding corporate rules for controller;

Having regard to Articles 47, 57 and 64 of the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation or GDPR);

Having regard to the CJEU decision *Data Protection Commissioner v. Maximilian Schrems and Facebook Ireland Ltd*, C-311/18 of 16 July 2020;

Having regard to EDPB Recommendations 01/2020 on measures that supplement transfer tools to ensure compliance with the EU level of protection of personal data of 18 June 2021;

Having regard to EDPB Recommendations 1/2022 on the Application for Approval and on the elements and principles to be found in Controller Binding Corporate Rules (Art. 47 GDPR) of 20 June 2023;

Makes the following observations:

1. Article 47(1) of the EU General Data Protection Regulation 2016/679 (GDPR), provides that the Danish Data Protection Agency shall approve Binding Corporate Rules (BCRs) provided that they meet the requirements set out under this Article.

2. The implementation and adoption of BCRs by a group of undertakings is intended to provide guarantees to controllers and processors established in the EU as to the protection of personal data that apply uniformly in all third countries and, consequently, independently of the level of protection guaranteed in each third country.

3. Before carrying out any transfer of personal data on the basis of the BCRs to one of the members of the group, it is the responsibility of any data exporter in a Member State, if needed with the help of the data importer, to assess whether the level of
protection required by EU law is respected in the third country of destination in the case of the specific data transfer, including onward transfer situations. This assessment has to be conducted in order to determine whether any legislation or practices of the third country applicable to the to-be-transferred data may impinge on the data importer’s and/or the data exporter’s ability to comply with their commitments taken in the BCR, taking into account the circumstances surrounding the transfer. In case of such possible impingement, the data exporter in a Member State, if needed with the help of the data importer, should assess whether it can provide supplementary measures in order to exclude such impingement and therefore to nevertheless ensure, for the envisaged transfer at hand, an essentially equivalent level of protection as provided in the EU. Deploying such supplementary measures is the responsibility of the data exporter and remains its responsibility even after approval of the BCRs by the competent Supervisory Authority and as such, they are not assessed by the competent Supervisory Authority as part of the approval process of the BCRs.

4. In any case, where the data exporter in a Member State is not able to implement supplementary measures necessary to ensure an essentially equivalent level of protection as provided in the EU, personal data cannot be lawfully transferred to a third country under these BCRs. In the same vein, where the data exporter is made aware of any changes in the relevant third country legislation that undermine the level of data protection required by EU law, the data exporter is required to suspend or end the transfer of personal data at stake to the concerned third countries.

5. In accordance with the cooperation procedure as set out in the Working Document WP263 rev01, the Controller BCRs application of Carlsberg A/S was reviewed by the Danish Data Protection Agency, as the competent supervisory authority for the BCRs (BCR Lead) and by two Supervisory Authorities (SA) acting as co-reviewers. The application was also reviewed by the concerned SAs to which the BCRs were communicated as part of the cooperation procedure.

6. The review concluded that the Controller BCRs of Carlsberg A/S comply with the requirements set out by Article 47(1) of the GDPR as well as the Working Document WP256 rev01 and in particular that the aforementioned BCRs:

   i) Are legally binding and contain a clear duty for each participating member of the Group including their employees to respect the BCRs by entering in an Intra-Group Agreement (The Application Form Part 2, section 4, BCR Undertaking rule 1 and 2 and BCR Policy clause 4);

   ii) Expressly confer enforceable third-party beneficiary rights to data subjects with regard to the processing of their personal data as part of the BCRs (The Application Form part 2, section 4, the BCR Undertaking rule 6 and schedule 2, the BCR Policy clause 7 and clause 9);

   iii) Fulfil the requirements laid down in Article 47(2) of the GDPR:

       a) The structure and contact details of the group of undertakings and each of its members are described in the Application form WP264

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1 Endorsed by the EDPB on 25 May 2018.
2 The WP256 rev.01 and WP264 are superseded by the EDPB Recommendations 1/2022. However, since the BCR-C of Carlsberg A/S had already reached the stage of a “consolidated draft” in accordance with 2.4 of WP 263 rev.01 at the time of publication of the Recommendations, it can be assessed under the previous framework, subject to the EDPB adopting its opinion by the end of 2023 (paragraph 13 of the Recommendations).
that was provided as part of the file review and the Application Form part 1, section 1;

b) the data transfers or set of transfers, including the categories of personal data, the type of processing and its purposes, the type of data subjects affected and the identification of the third country or countries in question are specified in the BCR Policy clause 3, Appendix 7 and the Application Form part 1, section 2;

c) the legally binding nature, both internally and externally, of the Controller BCRs is recognized in the Application Form part 2, section 4;

d) the application of the general data protection principles, in particular purpose limitation, data minimisation, limited storage periods, data quality, data protection by design and by default, legal basis for processing, processing of special categories of personal data, measures to ensure data security, and the requirements in respect of onward transfers to bodies not bound by the binding corporate rules are detailed in the BCR Policy clause 5 and the Application Form part 2, section 9 and 10;

e) the rights of data subjects in regard to processing and the means to exercise those rights, including the right not to be subject to decisions based solely on automated processing, including profiling in accordance with Article 22 of the GDPR, the right to lodge a complaint with the competent supervisory authority and before the competent courts of the Member States in accordance with Article 79 of the GDPR, and to obtain redress and, where appropriate, compensation for a breach of the binding corporate rules which are set forth in the BCR Policy clause 6, clause 11 and clause 13, Appendix 1, Appendix 3 and the Application Form part 2, section 5;

f) the acceptance by the controller or processor established on the territory of a Member State of its liability for any breaches of the binding corporate rules by any member concerned not established in the Union as well as the exemption from that liability, in whole or in part, only if the concerned party proves that that member is not responsible for the event giving rise to the damage are specified in the Application Form part 2, section 4 and the BCR Undertaking rule 6.3;

g) how the information on the binding corporate rules, in particular on the provisions referred to in points (d), (e) and (f) of Article 47.2 of the GDPR are provided to the data subjects in addition to Articles 13 and 14 of the GDPR, is specified in the BCR Policy clause 5.3 and clause 6.1 and Appendix 1;

h) the tasks of any data protection officer designated in accordance with Article 37 of the GDPR or any other person or entity in charge of monitoring the compliance with the binding corporate rules within the group of undertakings, or group of enterprises engaged in a joint economic activity, as well as monitoring training and complaint-handling
are detailed in the BCR Policy clause 10, Appendix 1, 2, 3 and 5, and the Application Form part 2, section 5;

i) the complaint procedures are specified in the BCR Policy clause 13 and Appendix 3;

j) the mechanisms put in place within the group of undertakings for ensuring the monitoring of compliance with the binding corporate rules are detailed in the BCR Policy clause 10 and clause 12, the Application Form part 2, section 5, and Appendix 2. Such mechanisms include data protection audits and methods for ensuring corrective actions to protect the rights of the data subject. The results of such monitoring are communicated to the person or the entity referred to in point (h) above and to the board of the controlling undertaking of the group of undertakings (in this situation to Carlsberg A/S headquarters, as well as to the data privacy organization) and are available upon request to the competent supervisory authority;

k) the mechanisms for reporting and recording changes to the rules and reporting those changes to the supervisory authorities are specified in the BCR Policy clause 15, Appendix 5 and the Application Form part 2, section 8;

l) the cooperation mechanism put in place with the supervisory authority to ensure compliance by any member of the group of undertakings is specified in the BCR Policy clause 14, Appendix 4 and the Application Form part 2, section 6. The obligation to make available to the supervisory authority the results of the monitoring of the measures referred to in point (j) above is specified in Appendix 2 and Appendix 4;

m) the mechanisms for reporting to the competent supervisory authority any legal requirements to which a member of the group of undertakings is subject in a third country which are likely to have a substantial adverse effect on the guarantees provided by the binding corporate rules are described in the BCR Policy clause 17;

n) finally, provide for an appropriate data protection training to personnel having permanent or regular access to personal data is specified in the BCR Policy clause 16, the BCR Undertaking rule 3 and the Application Form part 2, section 5.

7. The EDPB provided its opinion 35/2023 in accordance with Article 64(1)(f) of the GDPR. The Danish Data Protection Agency took utmost account of this opinion.

DECIDES AS FOLLOWING:

1. The Danish Data Protection Agency approves the Controller BCRs of Carlsberg A/S as providing appropriate safeguards for the transfer of personal data in accordance with Article 46(1) and (2) (b) and Article 47(1) and (2) GDPR. For the avoidance of doubt, the Danish Data Protection Agency recalls that the approval of BCRs does not entail the approval of specific transfers of personal data to be carried out on the
basis of the BCRs. Accordingly, the approval of BCRs may not be construed as the approval of transfers to third countries included in the BCRs for which, an essentially equivalent level of protection to that guaranteed within the EU cannot be ensured.

2. The approved BCRs will not require any specific authorization from the concerned SAs.

3. The Controller BCR of Carlsberg A/S must be brought in line with the EDPB Recommendations 1/2022 in the framework of the 2024 annual update.

4. In accordance with Article 58(2)(j) GDPR, each concerned SA maintains the power to order the suspension of data flows to a recipient in a third country or to an international organization whenever the appropriate safeguards envisaged by the Controller BCRs of Carlsberg A/S are not respected.

ANNEX TO THE DRAFT DECISION

The Controller BCRs of Carlsberg A/S that are hereby approved cover the following:

a. **Scope**: The BCR apply to Carlsberg Entities which are processing personal data relating to data subjects, including all Carlsberg Entities established:

   - in the EEA or in a country with an adequate level of data protection as acknowledged by a decision of the European Commission; and
   - outside the EEA or outside a country with an adequate level of data protection as acknowledged by a decision of the European Commission.

b. **EEA countries from which transfers are to be made**: Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Norway, Poland, Sweden.

c. **Third countries to which transfers are to be made**: Azerbaijan, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Cambodia, Canada, China, Greenland, Hong Kong, India, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Malaysia, Moldova, Montenegro, Myanmar, Nepal, Russia, Serbia, Singapore, Switzerland, Ukraine, United Kingdom, USA and Vietnam.

d. **Purposes of the transfer**: The purposes are detailed in Appendix 7. They include the following:

   - HR function (Recruitment, hiring, personnel administration, performance management, employee development, whistle-blower arrangements and exit of employees),
   - HR function (Recruitment, hiring, personnel administration, performance management, employee development, whistle-blower arrangements and exit of employees),
   - Customer management (Management of customer relationships, including financial management),
• Supplier management (Management of relationships with suppliers and other business contacts, including financial management (screening)),

• IT services (Provision of IT services to group entities, such as infrastructure services, access management, support and maintenance of IT systems, business intelligence and project management),

• IT services (Provision of IT services to group entities, such as infrastructure services, access management, support and maintenance of IT systems, business intelligence and project management).

e. **Categories of data subjects concerned by the transfer:** Those categories are specified in Appendix 7. Are included:

   • Employees
   • Applicants
   • Consultants
   • Visitors
   • Former employees
   • Customers
   • Suppliers
   • Other business contacts

f. **Categories of personal data transferred:** Those categories are specified in Appendix 7.