

In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference: [REDACTED]

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by [REDACTED] (represented by [REDACTED]) with the Data Protection Commission pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning Meta Platforms Ireland Limited

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

**RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE
PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE
PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE
SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0
(ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)**

Dated the 22nd day of August 2025



Data Protection Commission
6 Pembroke Row
Dublin 2, Ireland

Background

1. On 15 May 2024, [REDACTED] (represented by [REDACTED]) (“the **Data Subject**”) lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 of the GDPR with the Data Protection Commission (“the **DPC**”) concerning Meta Platforms Ireland Limited (“the **Respondent**”).
2. The DPC was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) of the GDPR.

The Complaint

3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
 - a. The Data Subject’s representative contacted the Respondent on 2 January 2024, to request erasure of two Facebook accounts belonging to the Data Subject. The Data Subject’s representative noted that the Data Subject had lost access to both accounts, and the accounts had been inactive for several years. Furthermore, they also noted that they were able to provide documents for verification purposes, should they be necessary in order to prove their identity as a representative of the Data Subject.
 - b. On 9 January 2024, the Respondent responded to the Data Subject’s representative advising them as to how to proceed with a privacy request on someone else’s behalf.
 - c. As the Data Subject’s representative was not satisfied with the response received from the Respondent, they lodged a complaint with the DPC.

Action taken by the DPC

4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 (“the **2018 Act**”), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC’s experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
 - a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and

- b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise their data subject rights).
- 6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 (“**Document 06/2022**”), and considered that:
 - a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
 - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

- 7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject via their representative, and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC initially contacted the Data Subject’s representative to request their authorisation to act on the Data Subject’s behalf. Once this was received, the DPC contacted the Respondent with a view to facilitate an amicable resolution to the complaint. Further to this engagement, it was established that apart from the Data Subject’s authorization form, the Respondent required some further information from the Data Subject and their representative.
- 8. Once the Respondent received all the necessary information from the Data Subject and their representative, it advised the DPC that one of the Data Subject’s accounts was in violation of its terms and policies around impersonation, and as such, it had been removed from its platform. With regard to the second account, the Respondent facilitated the Data Subject regaining access to same, in order to schedule it for permanent deletion.
- 9. In this regard, on 13 January 2025, the DPC wrote to the Data Subject, via their representative, seeking their views on the actions taken by the Respondent. In this correspondence, the DPC requested a reply, within a specified timeframe.
- 10. In their response to the DPC, the Data Subject’s representative confirmed that the Data Subject successfully regained access to their account and it had been scheduled for permanent deletion. The Data Subject’s representative thanked the DPC for its assistance in resolving this matter and, accordingly, the complaint has been deemed to have been amicably resolved.
- 11. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

12. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:

- a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;
- b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and
- c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.

13. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Elizabeth Y.", followed by a horizontal line.

Deputy Commissioner
Data Protection Commission