

In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference: [REDACTED]

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by [REDACTED] with the Data Protection Commission pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning LinkedIn Ireland UC

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

**RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE
PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE
PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE
SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0
(ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)**

Dated the 17th day of December 2024



Data Protection Commission
21 Fitzwilliam Square South
Dublin 2, Ireland

Background

1. On 5 January 2024, [REDACTED] (“the **Data Subject**”) lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 of the GDPR with the Data Protection Commission (“the **DPC**”) concerning LinkedIn Ireland UC (“the **Respondent**”).
2. The DPC was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) of the GDPR.

The Complaint

3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
 - a. The Data Subject contacted the Respondent on 20 March 2024 to request deletion of their personal data from the Respondent’s platform.
 - b. On 25 March 2024, the Respondent advised the Data Subject that due to their account having been restricted, it would be unable to act on the Data Subject’s deletion request.
 - c. As the Data Subject was not satisfied with the response received from the Respondent, and accordingly lodged a complaint with the DPC.

Action taken by the DPC

4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 (“the **2018 Act**”), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC’s experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
 - a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and
 - b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise his/her data subject rights).

6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 (“**Document 06/2022**”), and considered that:
 - a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
 - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. Further to that engagement, on 12 July 2024, the Respondent advised the DPC that they had not provided sufficient clarification to the Data Subject in regard to their request for deletion and apologised for any frustration or confusion caused. They further advised they would be taking steps to improve their customer supports team training to avoid similar issues occurring in the future. They further advised the DPC that it was willing to proceed with the deletion of the Data Subject’s account in order to amicably resolve this complaint, and that all of the Data Subject’s data would be deleted within 30 days. Following this, on 9 September 2024, the Respondent confirmed to the DPC that the Data Subject’s account and personal data was now deleted.
8. The DPC forwarded this information to the Data Subject on 11 September 2024, seeking their views on the action taken by the Respondent. This correspondence requested that the Data Subject notify the DPC within a specified timeframe, if they were not satisfied with the action taken by the Respondent, so that the DPC could investigate the matter further.
9. On 12 September 2024, the Data Subject confirmed to the DPC that the actions taken by the Respondent have resolved their complaint, and accordingly, the complaint has been deemed to have been amicably resolved.
10. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

11. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:
 - a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;

- b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and
- c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.

12. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Elizabeth Y.", followed by a horizontal line.

Deputy Commissioner
Data Protection Commission