

In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

DPC Complaint Reference: [REDACTED]

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by [REDACTED] with the Data Protection Commission pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning LinkedIn Ireland UC

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

**RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE
PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE
PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE
SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0
(ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)**

Dated the 12th day of December 2024



Data Protection Commission
21 Fitzwilliam Square South
Dublin 2, Ireland

Background

1. On 8 March 2024, [REDACTED] (“the **Data Subject**”) lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 of the GDPR with the Data Protection Commission (“the **DPC**”) concerning LinkedIn Ireland UC (“the **Respondent**”).
2. The DPC was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) of the GDPR.

The Complaint

3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
 - a. The Data Subject contacted the Respondent on 14 September 2023, to request the deletion of their personal data related to their account on the Respondent’s platform, as per Article 17 of the GDPR.
 - b. On 19 September 2023, the Respondent advised the Data Subject that, due to the fact that they infringed the Respondent’s User Agreement, and in order to ensure the general operability of its services, it would be unable to act on the Data Subject’s erasure request.
 - c. As the Data Subject was not satisfied with the response received from the Respondent, they lodged a complaint with the DPC.

Action taken by the DPC

4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 (“the **2018 Act**”), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC’s experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
 - a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and
 - b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise his/her data subject rights).

6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 (“**Document 06/2022**”), and considered that:
 - a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
 - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. Further to that engagement, on 21 June 2024, the Respondent advised the DPC that the complaint related to a duplicate account created by the Data Subject under a different email address, which had since been restricted, and this action was a clear violation of its User Agreement. The Respondent also advised the DPC of its reasons under the GDPR for refusing the request, which had been previously provided to the Respondent.
8. However, in an attempt to reach a mutually satisfactory resolution, the Respondent was willing to delete the Data Subject’s second restricted account, pending a confirmation from the Data Subject that they still wish to proceed with the deletion.
9. The DPC forwarded this information to the Data Subject on 24 June 2024, requesting that they confirm if they wished to proceed with the deletion of their account. The Data Subject responded to the DPC on the same day with the requested confirmation. The DPC forwarded this information to the Respondent on 25 June 2024.
10. On 27 June 2024, the Respondent confirmed to the DPC that the Data Subject’s account had now been closed, and that it had contacted the Data Subject directly to confirm same. It also noted that the deletion process would be fully completed within the next 30 days. Subsequently, on 29 July 2024, the Respondent wrote to the DPC confirming that the Data Subject’s second restricted account was now deleted.
11. The DPC forwarded this information to the Data Subject on 29 July 2024, seeking their views on the action taken by the Respondent. This correspondence requested that the Data Subject notify the DPC within a specified timeframe, if they were not satisfied with the action taken by the Respondent, so that the DPC could investigate the matter further.
12. The DPC did not receive any further communication from the Data Subject and, accordingly, the complaint has been deemed to have been amicably resolved.

13. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

14. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:

- a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;
- b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and
- c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.

15. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:



Deputy Commissioner
Data Protection Commission