In the matter of the General Data Protection Regulation

	DPC Complaint Reference:
V	with the Data Protection Commission

In the matter of a complaint, lodged by with the Data Protection Commission pursuant to Article 77 of the General Data Protection Regulation, concerning Meta Platforms

Ireland Limited (formerly Facebook Ireland Limited)

Record of Amicable Resolution of the complaint and its consequent withdrawal pursuant to Section 109(3) of the Data Protection Act, 2018

Further to the requirements of EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0 (adopted on 12 May 2022)

RECORD OF AMICABLE RESOLUTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF EDPB GUIDELINES 06/2022 ON THE PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION OF AMICABLE SETTLEMENTS VERSION 2.0 (ADOPTED ON 12 MAY 2022)

Dated the 30th day of December 2022



Data Protection Commission 21 Fitzwilliam Square South Dublin 2, Ireland

Background

- On 10 March 2022, ("the Data Subject") lodged a complaint pursuant to Article 77 GDPR with the Data Protection Commission ("the DPC") concerning Meta Platforms Ireland Limited ("the Respondent").
- 2. The DPC was deemed to be the competent authority for the purpose of Article 56(1) GDPR.

The Complaint

- 3. The details of the complaint were as follows:
 - a. The Data Subject contacted the Respondent on 26 February 2022, to request erasure pursuant to Article 17 of the GDPR, of their personal data. The request concerned eleven URL's, which had been uploaded to the Instagram platform by a third party user.
 - b. The Respondent reviewed the request and replied to the Data Subject on 02 March 2022. In this response, the Respondent advised the Data Subject that following a review of the content, it had partially removed the personal data in question.
 - c. As the Data Subject was not satisfied with the response received from the Respondent, the Data Subject made a complaint to the DPC.

Action taken by the DPC

- 4. The DPC, pursuant to Section 109(4) of the Data Protection Act, 2018 ("the 2018 Act"), is required, as a preliminary matter, to assess the likelihood of the parties to the complaint reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject-matter of the complaint. Where the DPC considers that there is a reasonable likelihood of such an amicable resolution being concluded between the parties, it is empowered, by Section 109(2) of the 2018 Act, to take such steps as it considers appropriate to arrange or facilitate such an amicable resolution.
- 5. Following a preliminary examination of the material referred to it by the Recipient SA, the DPC considered that there was a reasonable likelihood of the parties concerned reaching, within a reasonable time, an amicable resolution of the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC's experience is that complaints of this nature are particularly suitable for amicable resolution in circumstances where there is an obvious solution to the dispute, if the respondent is willing to engage in the process. In this regard, the DPC had regard to:
 - a. The relationship between the Data Subject and Respondent (being, in this case, an individual consumer and a service provider); and
 - b. The nature of the complaint (in this case, an unsuccessful attempt by the Data Subject to exercise their data subject rights).

- 6. While not relevant to the assessment that the DPC is required to carry out pursuant to Section 109(4) of the 2018 Act, the DPC also had regard to EDPB Guidelines 06/2022 on the practical implementation of amicable settlements Version 2.0, adopted on 12 May 2022 ("Document 06/2022"), and considered that:
 - a. the possible conclusion of the complaint by way of amicable resolution would not hamper the ability of the supervisory authorities to maintain the high level of protection that the GDPR seeks to create; and that
 - b. such a conclusion, in this case, would likely carry advantages for the Data Subject, whose rights under the GDPR would be vindicated swiftly, as well as for the controller, who would be provided the opportunity to bring its behaviour into compliance with the GDPR.

Amicable Resolution

- 7. The DPC engaged with both the Data Subject and Respondent in relation to the subject matter of the complaint. The DPC first engaged with the Respondent on this matter on 04 July 2022. Further to that engagement, the Respondent advised that they had further reviewed the complaint and following this review, they were of the view that no grounds for the removal of the content existed under Article 17 of the GDPR.
- 8. The DPC continued to engage with the Respondent in order to bring about an amicable resolution to the complaint.
- 9. On 2 September 2022, the Respondent advised the DPC that following a further review of the complaint, the Respondent would restrict access to the content in question.
- 10. On 16 September 2022, the Respondent contacted the Data Subject directly, informing them that the content in question had been restricted, meaning that the content was no longer visible on the Facebook platform for users within the EEA and UK. The Respondent also informed the DPC of the actions it had taken.
- 11. On 6 October 2022, the DPC wrote to the Data Subject seeking their views on the actions taken by the Respondent. In this correspondence, the DPC requested a reply, within a stated timeframe. The DPC did not receive any further communication from the Data Subject in response to the actions taken by the Respondent. Accordingly, the complaint has been deemed to have been amicably resolved.
- 12. In circumstances where the subject matter of the complaint has been amicably resolved, in full, the complaint, by virtue of Section 109(3) of the 2018 Act, is deemed to have been withdrawn by the Data Subject.

Confirmation of Outcome

- 13. For the purpose of Document 06/2022, the DPC confirms that:
 - a. The complaint, in its entirety, has been amicably resolved between the parties concerned;
 - b. The agreed resolution is such that the object of the complaint no longer exists; and
 - c. Having consulted with the supervisory authorities concerned on the information set out above, as required by Document 06/2022 the DPC has now closed off its file in this matter.
- 14. If dissatisfied with the outcome recorded herein, the parties have the right to an effective remedy by way of an application for judicial review, by the Irish High Court, of the process applied by the DPC in the context of the within complaint.

Signed for and on behalf of the DPC:

Deputy Commissioner

Data Protection Commission