

THE COMMISSIONER FOR DATA PROTECTION AND FREEDOM OF INFORMATION

LfDI Baden-Württemberg · P.O. Box 10 29 32 · D-70025 Stuttgart

	File No. R 2	2482/249
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Supervisory data protection investigation in accordance with Article 57(1)(a), (f) and Article 58(1)(b) GDPR

Your Ref. no. […]

Your letter of 28 June 2021

Dear Madam or Sir,

Having examined the facts of the case we get back to you regarding the complaint under the above-mentioned Ref. no.

I. The course of the procedure

The Baden-Wuerttemberg DPA (hereinafter: BW DPA) launched an investigation based on the complaint of (hereinafter: the Complainant) pursuant to Article 57(1)(f) of the General Data Protection Regulation (hereinafter: GDPR).

In July 2018, the Complainant lodged a complaint with the Data Protection Authority of Austria, in which he presented that he had exercised his right of access as per Article 15 GDPR to provide to the protection (hereinafter: Controller). According to his allegations, he has received no response within a month.

The Austrian DPA submitted the complaint to our DPA (DE/BW) in August 2018 via an Article 56 procedure in IMI (no. 48007). The DE/BW DPA agreed to handle the case as LSA and created a case register in IMI (no. 71144).

After concluding the investigations, the draft decision was shared preliminary with the CSAs in A60IC 429634. Only the AT DPA raised some questions which we could answer to their full satisfaction (61VMN 507475). We did not receive comments from one of the other CSAs.

Subsequently, the draft decision was formally shared as per Article 60(3) GDPR with the CSAs in A60DD 507994. There were no comments or objections raised to the draft by any of the CSAs.

II. Facts of the case

The DE/BW DPA contacted the Controller in order to ask them for a response to the facts the complainant presented. We also forwarded the access request to the Controller, which the complainant had enclosed to the complaint. There was an exchange of different correspondence with the Controller in the following months.

On 29 June 2021, a law firm informed the DE/BW DPA that they would legally represent the Controller in the proceeding. They submitted a comprehensive statement regarding the complainant's allegations in which they state that the accusation that their client would not have answered the access request of the complainant is not true, but that, based on the data protection regulations in force at the time, the information request was fully answered by letter of 13 July 2018. However, after such a long time, ascertaining that the complainant received the letter, would no longer be possible due to the fact that certificates of delivery held by the German post office are only valid for one year. The letter sent to the complainant on 13 July 2018 does not show a date of receipt. They also state that in 2018 it was standard practice of their client to always grant such access requests by mail.

The client was therefore surprised to learn from the correspondence that the complainant did not receive the information letter. They immediately provided the requested information and sent it to the Complainant again on 28 June 2021, together with evidence about the respective business relationship as regards the purchases made by the complainant, in accordance with the applicable processes currently in force.

III. The findings of the Authority

Pursuant to Article 12(1) GDPR, the controller shall take appropriate measures to provide any information referred to in Articles 13 and 14 and any communication under Articles 15 to 22 and 34 relating to processing to the data subject in a concise, transparent, intelligible and easily accessible form, using clear and plain language. According to Article 12(3) GDPR, the controller shall provide information on action taken on a request under Articles 15 to 22 to the data subject without undue delay and in any event within one

month of receipt of the request, whereby that period may be extended by two further months where necessary, taking into account the complexity and number of the requests.

Based on the statement and documents submitted by the Controller, it is evident for the DE/BW DPA that they have complied with the complainant's access request as per Article 15 GDPR already on 13 July 2018, as the copy of the letter sent to the complainant is still in the possession of the Controller and shows this date. The fact that the postal receipt is no longer valid is not a fact the controller could have any influence on. At the latest, the information has been delivered to the complainant subsequently after the DE/BW DPA conducted the investigation.

Nevertheless, also sending the information to the complainant already on 13 July 2018 would have been outside of the one-month deadline of receipt of the request as per Article 12(3) GDPR.

It is not apparent that the Company was in a situation of Article 12(2) or (3) GDPR. Firstly, the Company was able to identify the Complainant, meaning that there was no reason for asking for further identification of the Complainant. Secondly, the Company has not indicated that they process such a wide scope and large number of data so as to request the Complainant to specify his request.

Additionally, the Controller did not inform the data subject within a month about not taking action on the request together with reasons for not taking action as requested by Article 12(4) GDPR.

By not having reacted to the Complainant's access request without undue delay, they have **infringed Article 15(1)** as well as **Article 12(1)** and **(3) GDPR**.

IV. Legal consequences

The DE/BW DPA establishes that the Company breached Article 15(1) as well as Article 12(1) and (3) of the GDPR, as the Complainant's access request has not been dealt with in due time.

However, due to the constellation explained, the controller was in the situation to validly believe to have answered the access request of the complainant. They apologised for this mistake and immediately provided the requested information to the Complainant (again).

In addition, the Company has been very cooperative during the regulatory and supervising process. Following the investigation of the DE/BW DPA, the Controller immediately gave the requested information.

Hence, the BW DPA issues a **reprimand** to the company for the abovementioned infringements of the GDPR, based on Article 58(2)(b) GDPR.

We will also reiterate to the Controller again the fact that requests under Articles 15-22 GDPR must be answered without undue delay, at the latest within one month, and that the Controller must implement internal processes that ensure a response within this deadline.

V. Information on legal remedies

An appeal against this decision may be filed in writing, electronically or for recording with the Administrative Court of Stuttgart, Augustenstraße 5, 70178 Stuttgart, within one month of notification pursuant to Article 78 of the General Data Protection Regulation in conjunction with Section 20(1) and (3) of the Federal Data Protection Act.